

RACI Matrix in Brief for FICEMS

Safety, Education, and Workforce Committee

Goal 5: An EMS culture in which safety considerations for patients, providers, and the community permeate the spectrum of activities.

Objective 5.1: Promote the reporting, measurement, prevention and mitigation of occupational injuries, deaths, and exposures to serious infectious illnesses in the EMS workforce

Task	Brief Status Update
Improve safety of EMS personnel A. COVID-19 Response and Support for EMS B. Resources & test methods for ground ambulance standards.	<p>In Process</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Multi-agency task force established to look at many concerns to EMS. Discussion and tracking of PPE needs, Emerging concerns such as ventilation and decontamination of ambulances and PPE. • NIOSH Public Safety Sector NORA EMS sustainability webinars on EMS Sustainability – sharing lessons learned about mental health, PPE needs, etc. • NFIRS (National Fire Incident Reporting System) reporting system is also doing a national study on response to COVID-19. • Evidence strategies to reduce probability of PTSD and suicide. Collaborating with agencies on multiple resources. <p>In Process</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NHTSA looking at crash test data over the last 6 years to see if there has been progress in comparison to previous collected data. • Federal Partners continue to work with the NASEMSO Ad Hoc committee regarding the Safe Transport of Children by EMS – Letters of support have been submitted by ambulance manufacturers, cot manufacturers, pediatric support devices, testing facilities, and ambulance seating manufacturers. NASEMSO has received support from several organizations including AAP, ACEP, AAMS, IAEMSC, IAFF, NAEMSP, to work toward the development of standards for child restraints in ambulances.

<p>C. Improve work environment safety for EMS personnel.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Federal partners need to continue to promote the NASEMSO created website that provides summary information for ground ambulance safety & standards. http://www.safeambulances.org/ NIOSH (via NORA) funding University of CO to develop an Opioid Education Campaign for First Responders. The kicking off with a survey in Spring 2020 of the public safety community (including EMS) with planned deployment campaign scheduled for January 2021. <p>Completed</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> FEMA-funded Stress and Violence in fire-based EMS Responders (SAVER) effort at Drexel University. Developed checklist for organizations to help mitigate violence against EMS personnel. National Fire Protection Association 1999 Standard for Protective Clothing and Ensembles for Emergency Medical Operations: http://www.nfpa.org/codes-and-standards/all-codes-and-standards/list-of-codes-and-standards/detail?code=1999 The White House published <i>Fentanyl Safety Recommendations for First Responders</i> (https://www.whitehouse.gov/ondcp/key-issues/fentanyl). NIOSH continues to provide resources for EMS personnel and their potential exposure to Fentanyl. The Interagency Board (IAB) Equipment Subgroup (ESG) published a position paper <i>Recommended Best Practices to Minimize Emergency Responder Exposures to Synthetic Opioids, Including Fentanyl and Fentanyl Analogs</i>. NIOSH also supports a website Fentanyl: Preventing Occupational Exposure to Emergency Responders. https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/fentanyl/default.html?s_cid=3ni7d2Blog-Fentanyl-topic-6.2017 Interagency Board (IAB) position paper entitled <i>Recommendations on Selection and Use of Personal Protective Equipment for First Responders against Ebola Exposure Hazards</i> developed by the IAB ESG and Health, Medical Responder Subgroup (HMRS): https://interagencyboard.org/sites/default/files/publications/IAB%20Ebola%20PPE%20Recommendations_10.24.14.pdf DOL BLS SOC two separate codes for EMT and Ps. completed
<p>2) Assess progress of 2007 Feasibility for an EMS Workforce Safety &</p>	<p>Completed</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> NIOSH report released in Dec 2018 (American Journal of Industrial Medicine on Ohio workers comp data in the ambulance services industry)

Health Surveillance System	
3) NIOSH & NHTSA NEISS work project tracking nonfatal, emergency department treated injuries among EMS workers.	<p>In Process</p> <p>Project complete.</p> <p>Completed</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NIOSH and NHTSA published results of the study on nonfatal work-related in Paramedic Chiefs. injuries to EMS personnel (as reported through emergency departments). • Article on study on nonfatal work-related injuries was published on-line in the Prehospital Emergency Care journal in January 2017. • NIOSH and NHTSA developed a fact sheet for EMS system employers to communicate the results of the study on nonfatal work-related injuries to EMS personnel (as reported through emergency departments). • NIOSH and NHTSA finalizing infographic for EMS personnel to communicate the results of the study on nonfatal work-related injuries to EMS personnel (as reported through emergency departments).
Objective 5.2: Evaluate factors within EMS practices that contribute to medical errors or threaten patient safety.	
Task	Status Update
1) NHTSA Fatigue Risk Management Project	<p>In Process</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The project is in Phase 3 – Enrollment of the study participants will start in January 2020. • Supporting modeling of various work shifts to help reduce fatigue. <p>Completed</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Phase 1 completed – developed evidence-based guideline for fatigue risk management in EMS • Dr. Daniel Patterson and Kathy Robinson (NASEMSO) presented the findings at EMS Today in February 2019.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Dr. Patterson provided an overview of the methodology and recommendations at NASEMSO in October 2017 that are expected to be published in NASEMSO's official journal, <i>Prehospital Emergency Care</i>. • First phase of the effort produced the initial set of evidence-based recommendations. • A series of articles have been published in 2018 (e.g., <i>Prehospital Emergency Care</i>, NASEMSO's official journal).
2) NHTSA Emergency Vehicle Operator Course (EVOC) Assessment	<p>In Process</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The EVOC training is going through NHTSA internal review throughout the U.S. The contractor will produce at least one journal article in an agreed upon peer-reviewed journal. This is the first of three steps recommended by NEMSAC.
Goal 6: A well-educated and uniformly credentialed EMS workforce.	
Objective 6.1: Promote implementation of the “EMS Education Agenda for the Future” to encourage more uniform EMS education, national certification, and state licensing.	
Task	Status Update
1) Updating EMS education agenda and its components	<p>In Process</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NHTSA released guidance on the EMS Education Pipeline allowed the prevention of the shuttering of the EMS education system https://www.ems.gov/pdf/Federal_Guidance_and_Resources/Operations/NHTSA_EMS_Education_Pipeline.pdf • NHTSA and HRSA are supporting a 24 month project to revise the 2009 EMS Education Standards and Instructional Guidelines. The initial document was put out for review/public comment in August 2019. The Development Team will review the feedback and create a second draft of the revised standards. A second public comment period, which will include recommended changes to the 2009 Instructional Guidelines, will take place in 2020.

	Completed <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Posted the 2016 NEMSAC edits to 2000 Education Agenda on www.EMS.gov. • Posted the 2019 National EMS Scope of Practice Model on www.EMS.gov • Posted the EMS Agenda 2050 on www.EMS.gov.
Objective 6.2: Support State, territorial and tribal efforts to enhance interstate legal recognition and reciprocity of EMS personnel.	
Task	Status Update
1) Monitor and Support REPLICA effort.	In Process <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • EMS Compact Commission met at NASEMSO May meeting to vote on draft rules to make the compact operation a target date of 1/1/2020. • REPLICA is expected to be adopted by an additional 7 states in 2020 (www.emsreplica.org) and continues to work with State EMS offices in support of their REPLICA needs and efforts.
2) Support a culture of safety and health in emergency services that prioritizes the mental and behavioral health of responders.	In Process <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NHTSA and USFA worked together to develop a wellness programs seminar in October 2020. Completed <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DHS Office of Health Affairs in conjunction with the National Academies of Science sponsored a workshop to explore the impact of operational stressors on the health and performance of the Department of Homeland Security (DHS) law enforcement workforce (January 2018) http://nationalacademies.org/hmd/Activities/PublicHealth/MedicalReadiness/2018-JAN-17.aspx • DHS also developing a graphic model show various approach levels (primary, secondary, tertiary) to recognizing

	<p>and handling resilience health and performance of law enforcement.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DHS<i>Together</i>, under the former Office of Health Affairs, was created as a DHS-wide initiative focused on resilience and suicide prevention (includes Training/Posters/Brochures) of its entire workforce especially it's law enforcement components. • The FICEMS Statement on Mental Health and the Public Safety Community was released August 2016. • NEMSAC recommendation
Objective 6.3: Work with State EMS Offices to support the transition of military EMS providers to civilian practice.	
Task	Status Update
1) Working with NASEMSO and State Offices of EMS to streamline the licensing and credentialing process for separating military medics to civilian EMS	<p>In Process</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Federal partners continue to promote and help implement all available Military to Civilian Transition resources to veterans and the national EMS community. <p>Completed</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NHTSA, DOD and other Federal Partners supported NASEMSO with leading the Military to Civilian Transition Project and much more info and resources can be found at NASEMSO's website: https://www.nasemso.org/Projects/Military-to-Civilian-EMS-Transition/index.asp
2) Support Veteran Emergency Medical Technician Support Act to assist Vets with military EMS training to meet requirements for	<p>In Process</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sec. 105 Assisting Veterans with Military Emergency Medical Training to Meet Requirements for Becoming Civilian Health Care Professionals, authorized demonstration grants to States for streamlining civilian healthcare credentialing (including EMS) of military medics. This section has not received an appropriation. • Working Group to evaluate potential activities. • Effort is unfunded.

becoming civilian EMTs.
(CARA Act)